#### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 8, 2020

## Keros Therapeutics, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (state or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-39264 (Commission File Number)

81-1173868 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

99 Hayden Avenue, Suite 120, Building E Lexington, Massachusetts (Address of principal executive offices)

02421 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 314-6297

Not applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) 

#### Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	KROS	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

#### Emerging growth company $\boxtimes$

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On September 8, 2020, Keros Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") updated its corporate presentation for use in meetings with investors, analysts and others. The presentation is available through the Company's website and a copy is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, is being furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The information contained herein and in the accompanying exhibit is not incorporated by reference in any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits. (d) Exhibits

(d) Exhibits
Exhibit No.

99.1

Description
Corporate Presentation dated September 2020

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### KEROS THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By:

/s/ Jasbir Seehra Jasbir Seehra, Ph.D. Chief Executive Officer

Dated: September 8, 2020





## **Corporate Presentation**

September 2020

#### Disclaimer

Statements contained in this presentation regarding matters that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "potential," "projects," "would" and "future" or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Examples of these forward-looking statements include statements concerning: Keros' expectations regarding its growth, strategy, progress and timing of its preclinical studies and clinical trials for KER-050, KER-047 and KER-012, including its regulatory plans; the potential impact of COVID-19 on Keros' ongoing and planned preclinical studies, clinical trials, business and operations; and the potential of Keros' proprietary discovery approach. Because such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties, and any commercialization of its product candidates; Keros' dependence on the success of its lead product candidates, KER-050 and KER-047; that Keros may be delayed in initiating, enrolling or completing any clinical trials; competition from third parties that are developing products for similar uses; Keros' ability to obtain, maintain and protect its intellectual property; Keros' dependence on third parties that are developing products for similar uses; Keros' ability to obtain, maintain and protect its intellectual property; Keros' dependence on third parties that are completion with manufacturing, clinical trials and pre-clinical studies; and risks relating to the impact on our business of the COVID-19 pandemic or similar public health crises.

These and other risks are described more fully in Keros' filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the SEC on August 13, 2020, and its other documents subsequently filed with or furnished to the SEC. All forward-looking statements contained in this presentation speak only as of the date on which they were made. Except to the extent required by law, Keros undertakes no obligation to update such statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made.

Certain information contained in this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and the Company's own internal estimates and research. While we believe these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, it has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third -party sources. Finally, while we believe our own internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.



## Harnessing the Powerful Biology of the TGF- $\beta$ Superfamily

Clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company developing novel therapeutics that target the TGF- $\beta$  superfamily

- Approach validated by FDA-approved third-party products derived from native amino acid sequences
  - Infuse (BMP2) for spinal fusion (Genetics Institute/Medtronic-Sofamor)

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 Reblozyl<sup>®</sup> (modified activin receptor IIB) for β-thalassemia and myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) (Acceleron Pharma/BMS)

Leveraging our extensive experience in TGF- $\beta$  superfamily protein structure, function and protein engineering to generate a clinical pipeline of differentiated therapeutics:

KER-050: Modified activin receptor IIA (ActRIIA) ligand trap designed to be differentiated from Reblozyl®

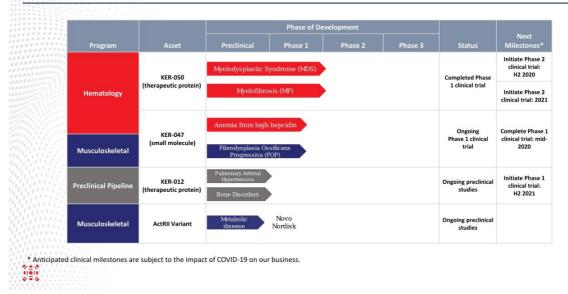
- Addresses ineffective erythropoiesis by modulating TGF-  $\beta$  superfamily signaling
- Potential to correct multiple cytopenias in patients with MDS and myelofibrosis (MF)

**KER-047**: Activin receptor-like kinase 2 (ALK2) inhibitor designed to treat anemia caused by elevated hepcidin and fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)

• Initial clinical indication is iron-refractory iron deficiency anemia (IRIDA); potential to treat anemia associated with chronic inflammation and MF

**KER-012**: Proprietary selective activin receptor ligand trap in preclinical development for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) and bone disorders

## Keros is Developing Differentiated Clinical Assets in Hematological and Musculoskeletal Disorders

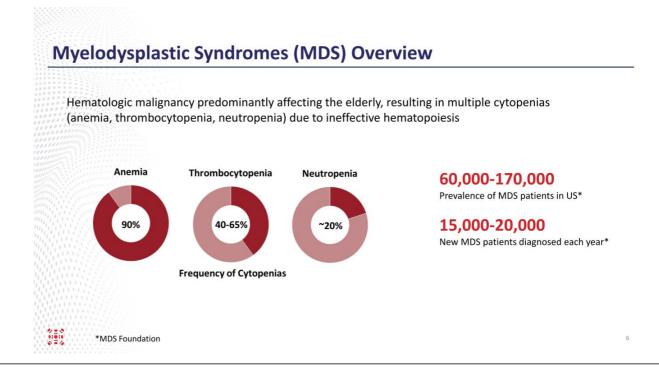




# KER-050

A novel treatment designed to address diseases arising from ineffective hematopoiesis

- Myelodysplastic syndromes
- Myelofibrosis



### **KER-050** Designed to Fill Treatment Gap for Cytopenias in MDS

#### Red Blood Cell (RBC) Transfusion

• Risk of infection and iron overload

#### ESAs

Low proportion of responders in Aranesp® Phase 3 clinical trials
Benefit limited to patients with low transfusion burden and low

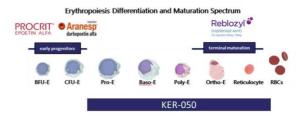
Anemia treatments

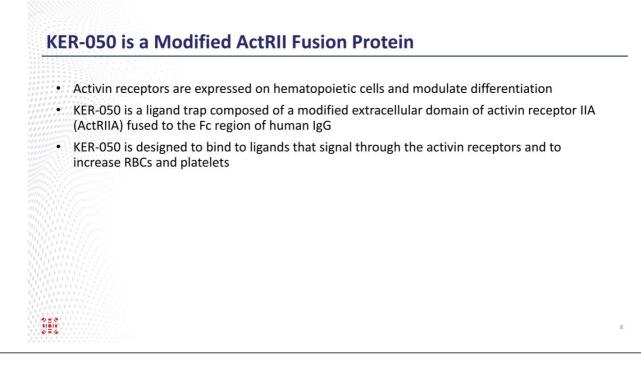
- endogenous EPO levels
- ESAs only impact early progenitors in red blood cell lineage Reblozyl®
- Phase 3 trial only evaluated RS positive patients, a subset of patients with **defects in terminal maturation**, with only 38% responders vs 13% placebo
- RS positive patients account for an estimated 15% of MDS cases\* • Targets terminal differentiation of RBCs
- Similar to ESAs, benefit primarily in low transfusion burden
  - Thrombocytopenia treatments

#### Platelet Transfusion

• Risk of infection and allergic reactions

\*Medscape

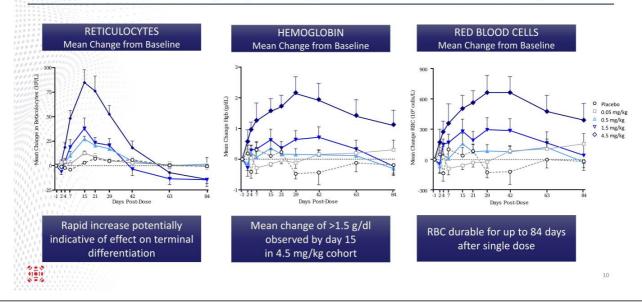




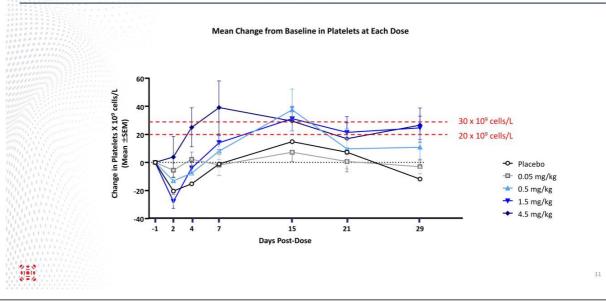
#### **KER-050 Completed First-in-human Trial**

- First-in-human trial was designed to explore the safety, tolerability and PK in healthy volunteers with a secondary objective of changes in PD (hematology and bone biomarkers)
- Observed to be well tolerated at dose levels up to 4.5 mg/kg, the highest dose level tested
- The most common adverse events observed in subjects in this trial were nausea, gastroenteritis and injection site erythema
  - Consistent with the mechanism of action of KER-050, increased hemoglobin and hypertension
  - Reversible, mild hypertension events observed only in subjects with an approximately 3 g/dL increase in hemoglobin

## KER-050 Treatment was Observed to Lead to Robust and Sustained Increases in Reticulocytes, Hemoglobin and RBCs after a Single Dose



## **KER-050 Treatment was Observed to Lead to Clinically Meaningful Changes in Platelets after a Single Dose**



## KER-050 has a Potentially Differentiated Mechanism of Action

- Robust and sustained increases observed in RBCs, hemoglobin and reticulocytes support the potential for administration of monthly or less frequent dosing
- Observed sustained response potentially supports the dual mechanism of promoting early and late stages of erythropoiesis

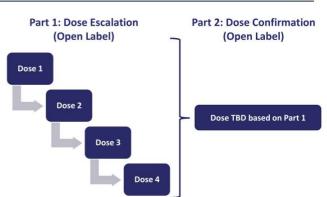


• Clinically meaningful increase observed in platelets after a single dose, which we believe differentiates KER-050 from other agents that only affect RBCs

## Expect to Commence a Phase 2 Trial of KER-050 in MDS (H2 2020)

• Open label Phase 2 trial in two parts to explore changes in hematology with treatment in patients with MDS

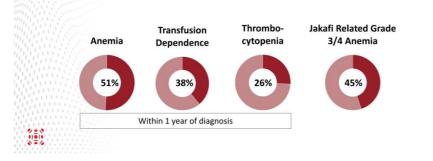
- Red blood cell parameters
- Platelets
- 12-week treatment with monthly dosing and 12-week follow up
- Part 1: Dose escalation to evaluate response in RS positive and non-RS positive patients
- Part 2: Dose confirmation



Treatment in Parts 1 and 2: 12 weeks Safety follow up: 12 weeks

## Myelofibrosis (MF) is Characterized by Ineffective Hematopoiesis

- Molecular abnormalities in JAK-STAT pathway result in expansion of RBC and platelet
  precursors and subsequent ineffective hematopoiesis
- Megakaryocyte accumulation/breakdown is implicated in the inducement of bone marrow fibrosis
- KER-050 increased RBCs and platelets in our Phase 1 clinical trial
- We believe that KER-050 has the potential to address ineffective hematopoiesis, which is central to MF
- Plan to initiate a Phase 2 trial in MF in 2021, evaluating effect on platelets and RBCs



#### 16,000-18,500

Prevalent MF patients in US\*

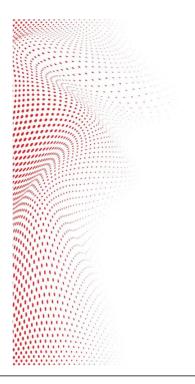
#### >3,000

New MF patients diagnosed each year\*\*

#### ~100 %

Nearly all MF patients will become transfusiondependent\*\*\*

\*Gangat 2011;\*\*Srour 2016; \*\*\*Naymagon 2017



# KER-047

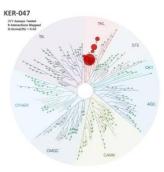
A novel treatment designed to address

- Anemia arising from high hepcidin levels
- Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)

## **KER-047: A Potentially Potent and Selective ALK2 Inhibitor**

- Small-molecule inhibitor of the activin receptor like kinase-2 (ALK2) kinase domain
- Potency: Low nanomolar IC<sub>50</sub>

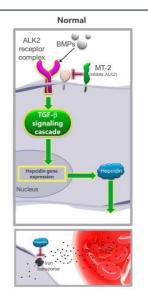
- Selectivity: Highly selective over kinases outside of the TGF- $\beta$  superfamily as well as other, structurally similar TGF- $\beta$  receptors
  - Data from cell-based reporter assays established > 20-fold potency for ALK2 compared to ALK1 and ALK5, which have 77% and 65% homology to ALK2, respectively (Kingsley, D.M., 1994)
- PK/ADME: Suitable for 1x daily oral dosing



Invitrogen kinase screen at 1 mM

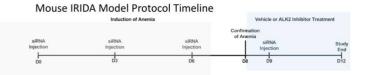
## **ALK2** Regulates Hepcidin and Iron Homeostasis

- ALK2 signaling in the liver controls hepcidin expression, a hormone that controls iron transport
- Excessive ALK2 signaling results in high hepcidin and a shortage of iron availability for RBC production
- ALK2 signaling requires BMP ligand and the co-receptor hemojuvelin
- Hepcidin expression is tightly regulated and controls expression of ALK2 suppressor protease MT-2
  - Loss of MT-2 causes the genetic disease iron-refractory iron deficiency anemia (IRIDA)
- High hepcidin has also been implicated in anemia of chronic disease
- Modulating ALK2 signaling will normalize high hepcidin levels, restore serum iron and ameliorate anemia

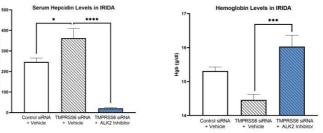


## Keros ALK2 Inhibitors Observed to Resolve Anemia in TMPRSS6-Deficient Mice

- TMPRSS6 encodes MT-2, the protease that suppresses ALK2 signaling
- MT-2/TMPRSS6 deficiency results in IRIDA
- siRNA knockdown of TMPRSS6 in mice copies human IRIDA patients
  - Increases hepcidin and reduces
     hemoglobin
- Our small molecule ALK2 inhibitor reversed high hepcidin and ameliorated anemia resulting from TMPRSS6 deficiency in wild-type mice



#### Mouse IRIDA Model Data



\*P>0.05; \*\*\*P>0.001; \*\*\*\*P>0.0001 (Two-way ANOVA followed by Sidak post test)

## **ALK2** Mutation is a Driver of FOP

FOP is a rare genetic disease in which muscles and connective tissues transform into bone

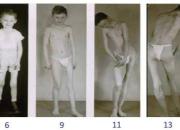
No cure or effective treatments

- Most patients are confined to a wheelchair by third decade of life
- Typical life expectancy 40 years

Caused by single amino acid mutations in ALK2 that leads to gain-of-function

KER-047 is designed to target ALK2



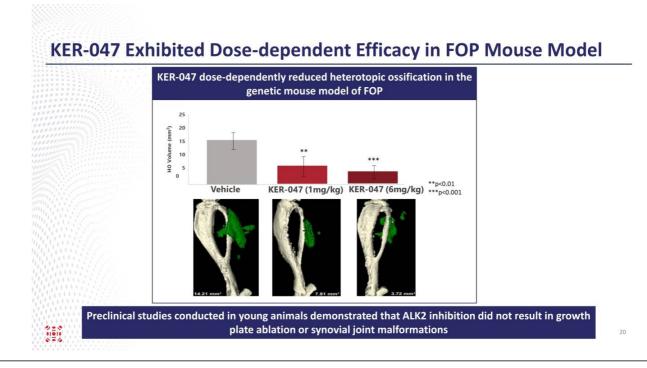






Age (years)

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# **KER-047:** Phase 1 Clinical Trial Recapitulated the Observations from Preclinical Studies

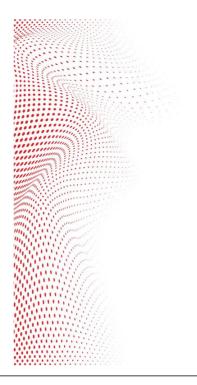
- Preliminary analysis of single ascending and planned multiple ascending dose cohorts completed
- The objectives of the Phase 1 clinical trial were to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic effects of single and multiple ascending dose levels of KER-047 in healthy volunteers
   In the multiple ascending dose cohorts, KER-047 was administered as daily doses of 50-350 mg for up to 7 days
- Single dose showed dose dependent increases in serum iron
- Multiple pharmacodynamic biomarkers were included to assess KER-047's inhibition of ALK2
  - Reduction in hepcidin was observed following 7 days of dosing in multiple ascending dose cohorts
  - Sustained increases in serum iron
  - Increases in serum iron resulted in increased hemoglobin in reticulocytes
- Increase in reticulocyte hemoglobin with administration of KER-047 is supportive of iron mobilization from tissue
   stores
- There were no serious adverse events reported in either part of this trial
- Most common adverse events observed: headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, gastroenteritis, chills, pyrexia, myalgia, decreased appetite, lymphopenia, neutropenia, and liver enzyme increases
- Adding two cohorts to further define dosing regimens to inform the design of upcoming Phase 2 clinical trials

# Two Phase 2 Trials to Provide Proof-of-Concept for Anemia Arising from High Hepcidin and FOP Anemia Arising from High Hepcidin

- KER-047 is designed to normalize high hepcidin levels, restore serum iron and ameliorate anemia
- We expect to initiate a Phase 2 clinical trial in patients with high hepcidin, including IRIDA, in H1 2021

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- KER-047 is designed to prevent the development of new, and expansion of existing, heterotopic ossification
- We expect to initiate a Phase 2 clinical trial in patients with FOP in H1 2021



# KER-012

A preclinical program designed to address

 Bone loss disorders such as osteoporosis and osteogenesis imperfecta

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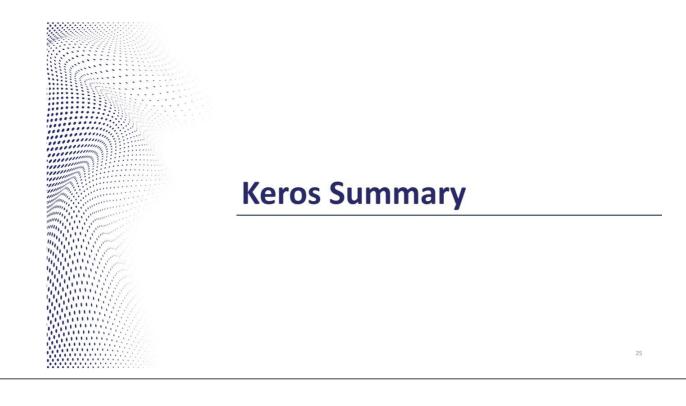
• Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)

## KER-012 (Preclinical Product Candidate)

- Proprietary selective activin receptor ligand trap in preclinical development for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) and bone disorders
- In preclinical studies, KER-012:

- Demonstrated high affinity for, and potent inhibition of, ligands involved in the regulation of bone homeostasis
- Increased bone mineral density and trabecular bone volume in wild-type mice and mice with
   established osteoporosis

- Did not increase red blood cell production in cynomolgus monkeys
- We believe KER-012 has the potential to increase the signaling of BMP pathways by inhibiting activin A and activin B signaling and, consequently, treat diseases such as PAH that are associated with reduced BMP signaling



## We Believe Keros is Positioned for Clinical and Commercial Success

- Keros is focused on the development of novel TGF- $\beta$  therapeutics
  - Robust biology that has been validated in the clinic

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- Keros is well-positioned to harness the potential of the TGF- $\beta$  superfamily
  - Multiple product candidates expected to commence Phase 2 trials
  - Clinical programs have potentially differentiated mechanism of action
- Our discovery approach has the potential to identify additional molecules with differentiated profiles from existing third-party products and product candidates

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• Pipeline of preclinical assets: bone, muscle and pulmonary

## Anticipated Key Milestones\*

#### **KER-050** Present Phase 1 and preclinical data supporting hematopoietic effects EHA25 (June 2020) • Initiate Phase 2 trial in MDS H2 2020 • Initiate Phase 2 trial in myelofibrosis 2021 **KER-047** · Present preclinical data demonstrating potential to address anemia EHA25 (June 2020) Complete Phase 1 SAD/MAD trial mid 2020 • Present Phase 1 healthy volunteer data H2 2020 • Initiate Phase 2 trial in anemia with high hepcidin, including IRIDA H1 2021 • Initiate Phase 2 trial in FOP H1 2021 **KER-012** Nominate molecule for pre-IND development H2 2020 101 \*Anticipated preclinical and clinical milestones are subject to the impact of COVID-19 on our business.

